

Unit 1

SOL 6.1

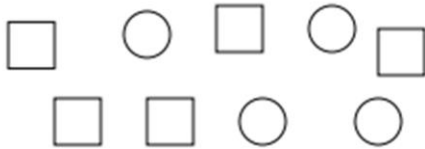
The student will represent relationships between quantities using ratios, and will use appropriate notations, such as $\frac{a}{b}$, a to b , and $a:b$.

HINTS & NOTES

- ✓ Make sure that you write the ratio in the order that is asked.
- ✓ Simplify all ratios.
- ✓ Ratios can be written in several different ways: $\frac{a}{b}$, a to b , $a:b$.

PRACTICE

1. What is the ratio of squares to all shapes?



- A 4:5
- B 5:4
- C 5:9
- D 9:5

2. Tyriq owns a guitar store with 150 guitars in stock. He has 90 electric guitars and the rest are acoustic. What is the ratio of acoustic to electric guitars?

- A 2 to 3
- B 3 to 2
- C 3 to 5
- D 2 to 5

3. There are 20 green disks and 100 purple disks in a bag. What is the ratio of purple disks to green disks?

- A $\frac{5}{1}$
- B $\frac{1}{5}$
- C $\frac{6}{1}$
- D $\frac{4}{5}$

4. There are 25 girls and 35 boys in the concert band. What is the ratio of boys to all students in the band?

- A. $\frac{25}{35} = \frac{5}{7}$
- B. $\frac{35}{25} = \frac{7}{5}$
- C. $\frac{25}{60} = \frac{5}{12}$
- D. $\frac{35}{60} = \frac{7}{12}$

5.

What is the ratio of the number of gray circles to black circles.



- A. 2 to 5
- B. 5 to 4
- C. 2 to 1
- D. 4 to 5

6. A bag contains red apples and yellow apples. The ratio of red apples to yellow apples in the bag is 9 to 4. Which of these statements could be true?

- A. There are exactly 6 red apples and 1 yellow apple in the bag.
- B. There are exactly 18 red apples and 8 yellow apples in the bag.
- C. There are exactly 4 red apples and 9 yellow apples in the bag.
- D. There are exactly 9 red apples and 13 yellow apples in the bag.

SOL 6.12

- The student will
- represent a proportional relationship between two quantities, including those arising from practical situations;
 - determine the unit rate of a proportional relationship and use it to find a missing value in a ratio table;
 - determine whether a proportional relationship exists between two quantities; and
 - make connections between and among representations of a proportional relationship between two quantities

HINTS & NOTES

Proportional relationships involve equivalent ratios. In the table below, $\frac{1 \text{ item}}{\$2.00} = \frac{2 \text{ items}}{\$4.00}$

# of items (x)	1	2	5	10
Cost in \$ (y)	\$2.00	\$4.00	\$10.00	\$20.00

- ❖ The unit rate in the table above shows the cost for ONE item. (\$2.00/1 item) This rate is repeated throughout the table.
- ❖ You can graph relationships using (x,y) coordinates.
- ❖ The graph of a proportional relationship goes through the point (0,0), the origin.

PRACTICE

1. Larry charges a customer a fee of \$15 each week. Which table has values that represent this situation?

A

Number of Weeks	Total Amount of Charges
1	\$15
3	\$45

B

Number of Weeks	Total Amount of Charges
1	\$55
3	\$165

C

Number of Weeks	Total Amount of Charges
1	\$55
3	\$135

D

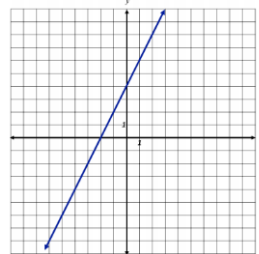
Number of Weeks	Total Amount of Charges
1	\$15
3	\$95

2. Sara earns \$2.50 for each cupcake she sells. What is the missing value in the table?

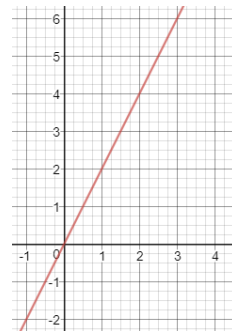
Cupcakes	2	5	9
Money (\$)	\$5.00	\$12.50	_____

- \$10.00
- \$15.00
- \$22.50
- \$27.50

3. Does this graph show a proportional relationship? (y/n)



4. Which table contains values shown on the graph?



A

X	1	2
y	2	3

B

X	2	4
y	1	2

C

X	0	2
y	0	4

D

X	1	2
y	1	2